* MR. TOLSON

FROM . S. J. TRACY

SUBJECT:

ALE INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNGLASSIFIED

DATE 1/9 /90 BY SP

With reference to the attached first issue of the Law Enforcement Review being published at Chicago monthly, I desire to call attention to the make-up of this magazine, i.e., the printing and quality of the paper.

E would like to again suggest that provisions be made in the budget requisition for the fiscal yea 1948 for the Enforcement Bulletin to be printed at the Government Printing Office. There are several advantages:

DATE:

7/24/46

- The Magazine would be much more presentable and more in keeping with the dignity and presitge of the Bureau if it is professionally printed.
- Special articles, scientific treatises, etc., can be prepared in advance, in plenty of time for the Government Printing Office to print the Bulletin with a regular issue date.
- The supply of the Bulletin can be delivered by the Government Printing Office to the Bureau on the same date the insert (which should be printed at the Bureau) is ready; hterefore, there would never by any delay in the publication of any delay in the mailing of the insert. This is important because wanted notices should get out very promptly and prior to very many apprenensions.
- L/ Special articles and announcements too late for inclusion in the Bulletin proper could be made as Separate sheets of the insert. In this way all important urgent or expedite pa relieved of the tremendous burden it how has in publishing. the present law Enforcement Bulletin even in its unsatistactory

SJTEOBP LEN: HEM: 7-26-46 34 NOEZEO The Executives Conference consisting of Messis. Tolson, E.A. Tamm, McCabe, Long, Ladd, Hince, Hendon, Tracy and Nichols unanimously recommended that we explore the possibilities of naving the Bulletin printed at the Covernment Printing Office. i.e. getting an estimate of the cost to compare with our present costs and once all the facts are secured to again consider the matter.

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

THE DIRECTOR

THE JOINT COMPLETE

SUGGESTION \$384

EMPLOYEU: SAC Norris

St. Louis Field Office

iiikoors presente

H. H. Glegg

L. V. Boardman

R. T. Harbo S. K. Mollog

EMPLOYED SUGGESTS: That the Bureau consider purchasing from International Eusineus Bachines Corporation leatromatic typewriters to replace the old typewriters now in the St. Louis Office. This suggestion is being modified in the recommendation hereinafter set forth.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED SCIONY DATE 11 9 70 BY 30 SCIONY

At the present time, there to in the Scourtty Division one new model Blockromatic typewriter and one older model, the older model having been used for an extended period of time. From disousstone with the stenographers who are familiar with the use of the older muchine, the following information of a favorable character wie obtained:

A full-time use increases production approxi-

mately twenty-five per cent.

There to considerable less fatigue at the end of the doy due to the lighter touch and the smaller amount of prepaure required for their operation.

Meater originals, stenotls, and copies are

prepared.

In increased number of and better parbons are made up to a certain point approximating a total of ninateen copies, after which the onount of pressure applied electrically is likely to punch holes in the original paper.

It is unecessary to equip any office with 100 per cent of these typewriters so that any disadvantages in equipping an office 100 per cent would be eliminated substantially by a fractional portion of the typeuriters being of the glocks atto tupe. 166-2554-5808X

DISADVATERADES! DX-47 INDEXED

Cost: the usually of typepeitar ocets 302.40 initially, the maintenance is 35 per year, and the average Itsa to from three to

Two years. This compares with the initial oost of the Electromatte typewriter of 0261.30. but there has not been acquired alegaste experlence on maintenance coots and the average life of these machines. It could be expected, due to the increased number of gadgets and applionces on the Electromotic machine, that the annual cost for maintenance would be substanttally litcher than 05 per year.

It would regulre approximately thirty days for an experienced tupiet to become familiar with the operation and touch on the Electromatic

nuching to enable her to get Juli production. Power failure due to mechanical failures in electric power plants, strikes, fires, catas-trophes, etc. would make such machines inoperative whenever the electric power failed.

In a discussion with a stenographer in the some room where the Fleotromatic machine has been used (this stenographer not being trained in the we, hovever) disclosed a definite proference for the old type of mechine. Thus, there would likely be a considerable initial opposition on the part of some of the stenographic force to the new equipment.

Mechanical failures might reasonably be expooted to be more frequent, and typewriter repair men for the Electromatic machine would be less numerous. There would be greater do-laye in all likelihood in getting repairs

made.

In view of the foot that there to said to be a definite likelihood of increased production RECOMMENDATION: once the machines are in full use and the stenographers and typicis have been trained in using the machines, it is believed that this increased production, communers up to 25 per cent, could within a few months pay for the increased initial casts and increased annual maintenance charges. With this in view, the following recommendation are being made:

Mat the Bureau purchase a total of fifteen Bleatromatte typewriters, seven of them to be assigned to the Seat of Government, one to each division, with instructions that they be used on a full-time bests for experimental purposes; That one additional rachine be assigned to the Courtty Division and two additional machines be assigned to the Typing Scotton in the Identification Division. In this latter place, production records can be maintained on a more accurate scale.

- That five such machines be purchased and sent to the field (bringing the total to fifteen), to be assigned as follows: one to St. Louis, one to Philadelphia, one to Newark, and two to New York. Instructions are to be resued for their fulltime use for the experimental partod. Assuming that it will take thirty days for the typist and sten-ographer to become thoroughly familiar with their tree, three
- months after this initial thirty-case period, or four months after the machines are obtained and clear buted, information after the machines are optained and classically information is to be obtained from those making use of the machines as to mechanical efficiency, frequency of repairs, increase in production; and upon this basis, the Bureck is to decide whether duction; and upon this basis, the Bureck is to decide whether to increase the total number of machines for future use both of the sect of covernment one in the field.

The St. Louis Office will be advised in this connection consistent with the Director's decreton.

The Executive conference on pho:dru August 30, 1946, those present EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE CONSTREBATION: being Messre, Hendon, Ladd, Michole, Rosen, Marbo, Tracy and Glego, considered the above matter. Also, there was taken into considerabion a commintaction from the Nawark Office where two electromatic typewriters have been in use since 1942. Figures presented by 540 Horse as to comparative production between these two electromatic typowriters and the average production of the exenographic pool do not substantiate the indication that there would be as much as 25% increase in production. The most recent month for tabulating such figures showed for July, 1946, one of these magistnes turned out an average of 25.36 pages per day; enother 24.72 pages per day and the average of 25.36 pages per day; enother 24.72 pages per day and the average for the stanographic pool was 23.33. For April, 1915, the production for the two machines was 24.5 and 26.8, at compared with the stenographta pool. 21.9. This difference, however, was unuoual in that the two machines were higher than average and the stenographic pool lower than average during that wombh. The production records generally for the electromatic machines were higher but not very much higher and on occasions were lower by a few pages.

consideration was further given to the fact that there are special types of communications wherein many copies have to be prepared and they much be typed and in communications to the white House, to the Attorney General and other special types of communications, these machines would be particularly edvantageous.

ur, Clavin was later contacted and advised that he was opposed to acquiring any of these machines, and he is enjoined in the apposition by Messrs, Tolson and Tamm. Mr. Glovin pointed out Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg Mr. Clayin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Rosen Tracy Carson Egan Ournea Harbo Hendon

Penningt

that from samples run on machines presently in the Bureau, it was noted that the results desired could not be obtained. Attention is called to Exhibit A, attached, on which 18 runs were made, using very thin carbon paper and the machine set to make the hardest punch. It is noted that a fairly legible 18th copy was obtained, however, it was pointed out that the carbon utilized by the Bureau must be purchased from government schedule through the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department and it will be very difficult. to get very thin carbon exclusively. Exhibit B, attached, was obtained by using a thin carbon paper and with a lighter touch on the machine. It is noted that the first 15 copies are legible but from there on they become more and more blurred. It is further pointed out that the keys out the carbon on the first and second sheets. on Exhibit o, attached, a heavy carbon was used and the strongest touch, and it is noted that only the first 9 carbon copies are clear and the remainder are fuzzy. Mr. Nichols was in favor of using the machines obtained solely in the field. All other members of the Conference present favored the recommendation of the Joint Committee that 15 machines be obtained and used at the Seat of Government and in the field, and that the experience from their use be the basis for determining if additional machines will later be desired. Respectfully submitted. FOR THE CONFERENCE cc - Mr. Hendon Clyde A. Tolson Mr. Clegg E. A. Tamm HHC: PJ;em

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO:

MR. HARBO

December 10, 1946

D. J. PARSONS

SUBULCE

HATR IDENTIFICATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 4/9/90 BY 50=

The FBI Laboratory receives a large volume of work involving the study of hair and fibers and comparisons are made in an effort to supply investigative and prosecutive information. Although with our present knowledge it is not possible to delimitely identify a human hair as having come from a particular individual except in most unusual situations, the results of our examinations have nevertheless been of great value. The reason for the inconclusiveness of this type of examination is that there are presently only a few characteristics which can be studied and compared. These include such factors as the size, shape, study of the medulla, pigment distribution, et cetera, and even though all of these may be identical in two specimens, the limited number of characteristics normally precludes a positive identification.

There are additional characterisites in human hair and a study of these characteristics may increase the conclusiveness of these examinations. For example, there are biologists who have made a study of the scale structure of human hair and one man in this field who has done considerable work claims to be able to make positive identifications. To frankly doubt his findings but feel there is important work to be done. It is rather a difficult project, and would require sometime to complete. It is felt, however, that it is of such importance that it should be assigned as a research project and the work divided among the examiners handling hair problems.

In view of the fact that it is extremely difficult to estimate the amount of time necessary to complete such a project, it is recommended that approval be granted for this research on which we expect to spend approximately I man days a month. A monthly report will be submitted and this work will be closely followed in order to develop the most valuable intormation.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the research project on hair identification be approved.

APPROVED by Executive Conference L2/16/46 - Messrs, E. A. Tamm, Ladd, Nichols, Rosen, Tracy, Hendon, Clegg, Glavin, Harbo.

DJP/mek

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Mil. R. T. HAMP

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DECEMBER 17.

AMATICO AR.

PROPOSLIA ALSKANCIE PI

SCIOLAGE CHUTAININING TATOOS

The following concerns a proposed resourch project for the von--no od Iliw doldw novisog bne redifferent transminister and receiver which will be conolderably scaller than the Durcou's transcolver and which will be used no nuriliary units to the present miniature equipment rather than to displace

DACKOROUMO:

Since several coubbe before VI Day, continuin, efforts have been rade to obtain available information coverning radio and elegatrical outprent developed during the war ablest might have direct application to the work or the Dur an or which wight be modified in whole or in part no that bottor realistics might be available for daily or unequal investigative situations.

Among other inforcation, we have found that new techniques and now ministure emponents were developed for the preximity fuce to allow a radio transmitter-receiver to be built into the nove of shalls to explode them in the dandlate vicinity of a plane or the cround, et cobers. This equipment to hat directly applicable to our work but includes techniques and components which can be used in different circuits to make the equipment which adds be of creak volue to the diren.

No conservant III cubalistature transmitter or receiver in Imagn to exist and so have constantly injulied further when information has come to us regarding ministure or subministure radios. The Secret Service of Pi transmitter is in the once ceneral category as the Europa's elulature transcolver even though it upon substitute to the and it is not as modul as the Array's transcalver unit.

With no equipolat por arry-way of timent available even for modificies though po over or real transmit or this avoid or and ar one to have equipment. comparable in sing and performance to our ministure brancoiver to may nothing or subministatore equipment, we must desin develop equipment opposites if we are to resting property for the problem.

PROPRISAL:

The proposed equipment would supplement the confederal radio equipment. adult of existence engine almost provide provide envise of sub-s sinistare (not elalature) redice. The basic proposel is toll un calginal

build a substitution radio transpitter and receiver.

(2) were a construction technique which is original with the Swarts having been auggested by the procedure used in the proximity funcs.

(3) to utilize subsiniature tobes, assyments and becomiques which may be applicable.

(It appears feasible to built very thin and small it radio equipment in a flexible case for uses

(1) in a room conceding in reversit possible locations.

(2) in a car similarly easily exceeded.

(3) on a parson where the concediment than the ministure transceiver affords in necessary.

(4) in an extertion package to provide such rediceses as to be possible, and

(5) in experiments on an altra-hill irequency to determine the advantage of scall equipment on new lareau dreguentles in that range.

Principle of

since all of the possibilities cannot be realized in a chirt tice and since considerable experiments alist to necessary in the use of new techniques and components on present frequencies (40 ses) as well as body and ned frequencies (40 ses) as well as body and ned frequencies (and encion (162 ses), to is sensitived desirable to obtain the necessary components and perform proliminary components and perform proliminary construction work to be seen that no defended difficulty blocks trouves before the complete development project to undertaken.

. sope detailed discussion of the proposed project is atheined.

THE TRUE COURT

It is recommended that a subministure radic project to approve as optimed above usin, equipment contin, approximately 180.00 for a duration of fiftheir man days of actual work. If approved is granted, a report will be also much all the proliminary of the proliminary

APPROVED BY EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE 12/26/46 Composed of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Glavin, Ladd, McCabe, Hendon, Nichols, Tracy, and Harbo.

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Mr. Gurnea

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PROPOSCU PAGIO CHISTAL CATROLISM SUCLIMINATION DATIC MULTHYVI FILLD USE It may be concented in a thin place to everide: Le use on a person -2. concoolment in a room 3. concealcont in a corpossible use in an expertion rachage to all the abook-resolution to the committee of the transfer and an armine of the the I. longer trouble-free operation 2. application to mock-resiment counting for an extertion package which has to be thrown from a moving wibitle .. ALL INFORMATION CONFAINED t. It will be flexible in slere so that: HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11/9/90 BY Sp-3 3 I. It can be need in Clat-thin forci In may be rolled in plrepler form - In pay he folded to half length with toice the dischases 4. It may be used in bent-form to fit predific avoilable space such sultable totteries may be handled separately according to opace It will be electible for tenting 1. the range available with very les poper A. receiver covers o from other transmitters I. reace evallable with 162 to Arectancy 4. various field applications borond those ponetale with propens equipment. II. OBJECAL CONCERC A. Bulla on ill organization follow transmitter and PM provial controlled receiver for nor on 40 mes by noin, cabalainoure (hearin; aid) tubes in a thin form no larger than 3/4" X Bi" indus short so possible (persups oir inches). Construction can be with flexible loads porking toward ultimate counting in a rubber hold prived around the fubus and elements using tin foil. phisiding where it is necessary. The final unit west to appropriate to open bould; without impairing operation. The unit may also be relied or olderive at aloualy julgolize of and billog louit part bollog foots but bollog umfainer to polidity around the wit. Suitable air toler will provide for cooling the elements. The trangelation will be copable of sore grand-by battery dealer one by stools to enectable for the following with an adda Jack for attackness of the second of o mixed activities as begined as the initial population of the restorate a 66-2554-5819 MULOSUDE

The design will look toward ultimate construction of 110 welt operation possibly by use of new selection oxide rectifiers. D. The receiver will emphasize use of as Yew tubes as possible, will be used with or without transmitter, skall use berronte of orystal for crystal-controlled operation, shall not have aqualch or volues controls if possible so the filement on-offewitch will be the only manipulation necessary for its operation. E. Then transmitter and receiver are used together, a single not of batteries may be used and the batteries for the units will be the contraction for the createst moder of possible applications. Antoina design will be taken from available equipment if possible doing ancidental work will be required for now implications which this equipment will allow and for work on 162 nes. O. Trequency of the unit will be 40.18 no to the in with other ru equipment with provision for returing and frequency quadrupling to 162 and for experimental work there. CONTENCIAL PROPERS. TII. A. The construction technique is original with R. Y. Prorts beying been such attaining out at home proposing from the previous fuses. by army Ordnence. The fore presented here is entirely different from that used in the proximity fuce. B. It comproted In aubiliature transmitter or receiver to known to exist. The Secret Service has a crystal postrolied transmitter using sub-miniature tubes with more or less standard construction methods which are completely different from the nothed dunnested herein. The proximity fuse to built to explict thells and not for normalication purposes so it is not applicable. A sub-biniators, tunable, broadcast recoiver has been developed, is not in production, uses sone or less edocarilyper thought in the spellocale to our equipment requirements. Since our requirements are unique and no one is known to have equipment as good as our present ministure transceiver, we must do independent development work if we are to continue progress for the patisfactory resolution of investigative problems.

TECHNICAL CUTLINE A. The ext-sinfature table and elecante will be laid out on a thin strip of antestos and connected for proper operation. Individual phichding of colle and elements will be obtained by use of the full. Florible leads of tubes and elements will allow bending the strip within reasonable limits. Then the unit is operating properly, a shield of tin Yoll will be used to enclose the unit. A. For exportmental work, mobilete, paraffin, or other suitable material may then be applied to each wide of the unit negarately, allowed to harden and featen together. This molding may be done in neveral possible shapes of the unit. Chould success be experienced, efforts will be cade to obtain Austragory streats and distance as done introduction offering offering over a O. Following success in both sactions above, tests will be ecadepted to determine the exact electrical properties of the part to determine the appositio und in inventicative elimetrons. Any possible points of inprovenent will be determined. D. Practical Experimental work will be undertaken to adapt the unit to 160 nes to keep abreast of changle. Troquency analymoute, to except the unit on 40 and 162 see and to determine any investigative advantages of uning the higher frequency, i. a., singular, concedibility, of determ. DIE TECHNICAL MYLLIS A. Trebanither It. A special crystal bolder will be developed with prailer descriptions. and flexible leads Postible Of circuit using costed Clissens chiefded subse consisting of 5 Type 2031 and one Type 2035 for a total filement drain of 280 Th at 1.4 volts and a plate dra n of 4.6 1k at 45 volts. Value bungaten filament unshtelded andle amplifier tuber, the eleculawould probably involve three Type 502 tubes, one 503 tube and two 506 tubes for a total dilacent drain of 235 th end a plate drain of 6.35 th. It should be noted that the 25 series tubes are built with retal appay betwee elligat are: edt eved dut our Af not ben ites era skloide. Illaments. Reytheon may be able to supply the same type of tube with tunistan filezenta. 3. Solock suitable microphine and if hocessary microphine transformer and use miniature clu tuned colle if any can be obtained or cantly made.

D. Recelver 1. Develop appoint crystal holder with smaller disensions and Liexible leads. The OR mobile Fit circuit has fever tubes than Motorols and one crystal rather than two. Elisinate squalch circuit to reduce tubes, use combined on-off awitch and volume control (if necessary) on short length of cord for use in pocket. Too the receiver on-off switch with the transmitter if desired so receiver is off shon transmitter in on and vice vorce. Dec since entenna for recoiver and transmitter if possible so recoiver any still be used with or mithout transmitter. Use Mi or other wore suitable batteries. Ore of tweeten filenent tubes is not so necessary in this unit because it will not be so intentionally thrown. Use standard hearing aid carpiece. Although the di circuit does not appear to be practical, it would probably require the use of flye type 2831, tubes, one Type 2021 tution, and two Type 2041 tubes for a total filement urain of 200 th and a total plate drain of 9 th. The 2841 pentode cections will be confined to obtain andle output using the diode section for detection. This presume that the circult is albored to eliminate the record limiter and/or equator . eedus The coper-remederative receiver (station to the ministry transcelver receiver circuit) would probably be nore desirable than the OB dirout discussed above. Experimentation will attempt to a) Provide crystal control by using harmonic of a crystal contiletor b) Velog resistance coupling wherever positible The openial orystal holder as described above c) Losert the applicater if fensible of mossocry of Tosert carallel output tubes if mossocry of the contest filesont tubes It with be possible to the one Type 2021 tube at an encillator and two Type CK506 tubes as audio amplifiers aiving a total filement drain of 140 M and a fotal plate drain of 4.5 M. Comstruction Total 18 Crystal holders may be designed through use of suitable insulation around the crystal and Its contact plates keeping a minimum thickness and having finishly leads attached to the crystal plates.

a) Although the single and a

- a) Although the cain approach to the project should be made from the standpoint of using the bransmitter and receiver on the same set of battories, the possibility of using the super-regenerative receiver points to the desirability of using batteries within the case of much receiver and having an additional control switch on the receiver case.
- b) cercury oxide batteries probably will be used for both the transaction and receiver althouth a 45 volt minimax bettery may prove to be more suitable. The super-resentative receiver might be exceeded from the or two for Thurb 225 volt is betteries.

3. Tuned Circuite

Blug tubing will be used wherever posuible including the output stage of the transmitter ulthough other astheds might be desirable in certain stages.

- 4. Miniature or Subsiniature components will be ordered or constructed and if not available by either of these means, the exallest standard components will be used.
- 5. Eaphasta in the construction is to be placed on the technique described above although some experiments will be recessory in connection with subsinisher tubes and will be desirable from the standpoint of further reduction in size of the subsinisters nuits.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNLTED STATES GOVERNMEN

TO MR. HARBO DATE: December 10, 1946

D. J. PARSONS

SUBLECT

RESEARCH -

PAPER COMPARISONS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS JUNGLASSIFIED.

Rather frequently in document work, we are faced with problems of identifying a particular type of paper or of comparing questioned specimens with known. We have been successful in applying specific tests which have been found to solve the particular problem at hand. We know, however, that a great deal of this work has been done by the paper industry and we have obtained considerable reference material from which we have adopted some of our techniques. We have never devoted the effort to organizing some of these tests into a standard procedure. To do so would undoubtedly provide us with a more rigid procedure and one which we would know to be reliable. It would save time necessary to consider individual tests at the time examinations are requested.

The project would involve reviewing the individual tests, comparing them to select those best suited for our purposes, and organizing them into a standard procedure. It is believed that a project of this kind would require not more than 20 man days to develop an initial procedure. After this a relatively small amount or time could be spent in improving this procedure as developments in our work indicate.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that a research project be authorized to devise a standard procedure in the identification of paper.

APPROVED by Executive Conference 12/16/46 - Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Ladd, Nichols, Rosen, Tracy, Hendon, Clegg, Glavin, Harbo.

DJP/mek

RECORDED 66-2554-5

IN THAT'S ON ORIGINAL

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OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. HARBO December 10, 1946 D. J. PARSONS SUBJECT: RISEARCH -ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED TDENTIFICATION OF WOOD HEREIN IS UNGLASSIFIED DATE 11/13/90BY 50-50 The Laboratory receives cases from time to time requesting that fragments of wood be identified as to species and sometimes compared with known specimens. For sometime, a wood reference file has been maintained in the Laboratory containing gross specimens of various domestic woods. To properly make these examinations it is necessary to make microscopic sections of the evidence and reference wood specimens, which are then stained and compared. It would be a desirable aid in examinations of this type to have a reference file of the microscopic slides of stained wood specimens. Inquiries. reveal no source of reference slides of this type, and therefore we have considered it desirable to prepare a set of these slides from the microscopic specimens available in the Laboratory. It is estimated that a total of approxi-mately 15 man days would be required for this work and because much of the staining and preparation involve prolonged soaking in stains and other materials. it cannot be done all at one time, but would be necessarily spread out over approximately 60 to 90 days. The examiner would therefore devote only an hour or two a day, working this in with his other assignments. It is therefore believed desirable that we prepare these specimens in the Laboratory. RECOMMENDATION It is recommended that a project be approved to devote approximately 15 man days to preparing a reference file of microscopic slides to be used as wood. standards. APPROVED by Executive Conference 12/16/46 - Messrs T. A. Tamm, Ladd, Nichols, Rosen, Tracy, Hendon, Glegg, Glavin, Harbo DJP/mek

December 18, 1946

THE DIRECTOR O THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

all information contained Herein is unclassified

The Executive Conference of December 16, 1946, consisting of Messra. E. A. Tamm, Wichols, Mendon, Ladd, Rosen, Tracy, Harbo and Glavin was advised concerning extaustive tests performed by the Bureau in the utilization of Electromatic Typewriters.

Previously, the SuC at St. Louis in August of this year, recommended that such Electromatic Typewriters be secured. The matter was considered by members of the Joint Committee, consisting of Messes. Clegg, Marbo, Boardman and McKee, and the recommendation was made that such machines be secured.

The Executive Conference considered the entire matter, there being a split recommendation, Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tanm and Glavin being opposed to securing these machines, Mr. Nichols being in favor of using the machines solely in the Field and the remainder of the Conference, Messrs. Hendon, Ladd, Clegg, Rosen, Harbo and Tracy recommending that fifteen machines be obtained and used at the Seat of Covernment and in the Field and experience from the use be the basis for determining if additional machines should be secured at a later date.

At the Director's instructions, tests were made utilizing the International Business Machine Corporation Electromatic Type-writers. These tests, which extended over a period of thirty days, and furnished such typewriters to typist and stenographers handling regular work, resulted in the following information being received:

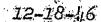
One stenographer in the Critic Records Section, after using the machine for approximately thirty days, states that it is easier to operate and at the end of the day, she feels less fatigue. She further stated it takes a minimum period of two weeks to become accustomed to the typewriter. She states that it would increase her production, she does not know how much, and she can do the work much faster on the electromatic machine.

Miss Herman, of the Crime Becords Section, states that in utilization of the electromatic typewriter COND can type four pages per hour where with the regular typewriter, three pages per hour is her average. This is an increase of 33 and 1000.

A stenographer in Mr. Ladd's Division states that although wit would take an operator some time to get used to the machines once the operator did get used to it, increased production could be obtained.

28 1947

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Another stenographer in Mr. Ladd's Division stated the electromatic typewriter is much easier to use, causes less fatigue, and after operator is accomplished in the use of the machine, she can do almost twice as much work.

Mr. Callan stated that the electromatic typewriter utilized in his office has been used to a great advantage. It increased production, produced more copies than the ordinary typewriter, saving double runs.

A stenographer in the Washington Field Office showed an increase of three pages per day over the amount of work which she was able to produce on an ordinary typewriter.

Mr. Hennrich, of the Washington Field Office, states that the stenographers like the electromatic typewriters because it save energy; that it increases production because of the ability to prepare many copies at one time, eliminating a great deal of messy, costly and time-taking duplicating work such as cutting stencils, running mimeographs, etc. Mr. Hennrich pointed out that recently a stenographer in an afternoon handled a twenty-five page job with fourteen copies by using the electromatic typewriter; that she could not have done this had she used the ordinary typewriter.

This information is comparable to the information previously received from a spot check, that the machine does increase production and there is less fatigue involved. In one instance a stenographer who had a heavy touch stated that she did not like the electromatic machine because the merest flick of the finger on a key resulted in a letter being typed on the page.

CONCLUSION:

The sum substance from the several months? tests from the machine in question is that it is possible to increase production, either by actual page count or due to the fact that more copies can be made with the electromatic machine than can be made with the regular type-writer.

The fatigue factor is greatle reduced. This is true, since manual operation of the machine is not necessary. The shift is worked electrically, the carriage is returned electrically and the keys, print by the merest touch of the key,

It should be pointed out to the Director that in so far as the number of copies being made is concerned, if heavy carbon paper is used a lesser number of copies would be made with the electromatic machine. The same is true, of course, if a heavy carbon is used with the manual typewriter, a lesser number of copies could be made. It appears from tests which have been of sufficient length to furnish definite information. That a greater number of copies can be made with less fatigue on the delectromatic machine than on the manual machine.

The same disadvantages as mentioned in other memoranda, are again pointed out; that this typewriter costs much more than the regular type-mailer. As a matter, of fact, IBM typewriters, which cannot be secured

CONTENT TO TELL

for at least ninety days after the first of the year, cost approximately \$299 each, while the regular typewriter costs approximately \$92.

Stenographers would have to be instructed for a period of approximately thirty days before production could be increased on an electromatic typewriter.

In the event very thin carbon paper could not be secured from government schedule, the maximum number of copies could not be made.

It was further pointed out to the Conference that an improved electromatic typewriter is coming on the market after the first of the year, that being the Underwood all Electromatic Standard Typewriter. This typewriter, a brochure of which is attached hereto, is more like the regular typewriter. The operator can use a reasonable touch on the key before the letter prints, and the machine has all of the features of the present IBM. It will be noted that the machine has the electric carriage return back-spacer, shift-lock, shift-key, space bar, tabulator and other refinements. This machine will be on the market shortly after the first of the year and will sell for approximately \$289, or \$10 less than the International Business Machine Typewriter. Since the IBM typewriter cannot be secured for a period of at least ninety days after the first of the year, the Conference recommends that before any orders are placed for the machines in question, we wait until the first of the year when the new Underwood will be on the market, at which time we can secure that type of machine.

For the Director's information, the Underwood machine has been seen by representatives of the Administrative Division and it does possess all of the advantages of the IBM machine, which previously has been secured by the Bureau.

Should the Director approve the majority Conference recommendation that such machines be purchased, an appropriate order will be placed for 15 machines; one to be assigned to Mr. Clegg's office, one to Crime Records, three to Mr. Rosen's office for applicant matters where they can be very effectively used, and one to each of the following Field offices: Houston, New Haven, Phoenix, Savannah, Philadelphia, Miami, Omaha, St. Louis, Washington and Richmond, which have requested such machines. It is further recommended that a detailed report be secured after 60 days' use to see whether any additional such machines should be purchased.

Respectfully submitted, FOR THE CONFERENCE

Clyde A. Tolson

St

E. A. Tamm

Kr. Tolson

Wr. E. A. Tamm

ir. Clegs
Kr. Jlavin

Jr. Lodd

Mr. Kosen

Ar. Tracy

Kr. Carson

Kr. Gersen

Kr. Harbot

Willedon

Kr. Harbot

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Kr. Pennington

Kr. Quint Bahm

Wr. Hendon

Kr. Pennington

Kr. Quint Bahm

Kr. Clegg

WHG: amb (amb)

COPY/gfb SAC, CHICACO December 11, 1946, Mary DIRECTOR: FE MINIATURE CAMERA HUPSAU CAMERA EQUIPMENT In response to your communication of November 27, 1946, concerning a camera which had been built in the shape of a pocket watch, information is available in the Bureau at the present time that such a camera is not now available and that the camera in the first instance was manufactured in the United States but that during the recent years neither parts nor film for this camera can be secured. In view of this fact, no further action is being taken in connection with this matter. WRG:1rd WRG: LRD December 10, 1946 The Executive Conference of December 6, 1946, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, McGuire, Hince, Mumford, Long, Rosen and Glavin, agreed that this communication should go forward. 66-2554 5671 61 DEC 24 1946 Communications Section MAILED DEC 12 1946 PM

December 10, 1946

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Mr. Manuel Rene Vergara Vergara Technical Police Laboratory Santiago, Chile

Dear Mr. Vergara:

ALL INTERPOLICE CONTAINED

HEREIN, IS UNICLASSIFIED

DATE 11/Co/FO BY SP-SCI OND

I am in receipt of your letter of November 22, 1946 and am pleased to know of your interest in police training. We hold only three sessions of the FBI National Academy each year and the number of applications already on hand for attendance at the Academy would indicate no favorable response to your desire to take a course of training in the National Academy. This is true because of the fact that the applications must be given consideration in the order received and it is further impossible to accept representatives from other countries beyond a limited number in each class and the applications already on hand do not indicate any early consideration.

I do appreciate, however, your interest in the course of training and am enclosing for your information some statements with reference to this course.

With best wishes and kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

HHC:PJ COMONICATIONS SECTION OF CC-Mr. Carson MATTED 3 PM 1 A

Approved by Executives Conference 12/6/46, those present being Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Tracy, E. A. Tamm, McGuire, Mumford, Long, Rosen and

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THE DISCRETE THE EXECUTIVED COUPLESTOR" FIGURAL F. GIBTOY, MATICAL PUBLICATION ASSOCIATION. 232 Lealeon avendo, Ista York (Sty, Rev York THEOLIGIES CONCINUIS The Executivest Conference teday with Leborat Taxis Harby Handon, difficient Trans. Ledd and Force in attendance opproved the attented become Ballotin civicing that the above-orptioned enganization cuintains recents on all sagnetne telepton the era caployed by segnatue coles econotes, which pro comborn of the Central Ecglebry, National Publishers Association. Terro are fifty-one ember expendentions. Recrectfully. For the Conference Clyde Tolnen L. A. Treat Attachmont co - Lr. Section ALL INFORMATION CONFAMED Mr. Clong HEREIN IS UNICLASSIFIED
DATE 1/6 /908Y RECORDED & INDEXED 66-2554-5673 306 TG 80 7836 Des 26 7 05 PH '41

THE DIRECTOR CONFEDENCE

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The Executive Conference of December 13, 1946, consisting of Mesors. Tolson, D. A. Tamm, Tracy, Harbo, Menden,
Clegg. Ladd. Honon, Michola and Clavin considered a communication received from the CAC at Atlanta, the stated that the
CAC of the Tar Assets Administration at Atlanta had advised him that
the War Assets Administration had on hand thirty-two .45 caliber rising
guas, model 50, in reconditioned shape. The Agent is Charge at Atlanta
stated that the representative of the Margary Administration thoughts
that these guas could be obtained by the Bureau, if interested, by
feauing an expression requisition for transfer to the Bureau.

The Conference wishes to point out that the rising gun to modeled after the Thompson Sub-machine dun; that the Eureau does not utilize this particular type of equipment at this time. It is the secondary of opinion that the Thompson Sub-machine dun of which we are presently equipped to superfor to the rising gun which has in the past been tested by the Duranu. The Conference was further advised that his particular narrow that the Buracu would not be interested in these was propriete communication to the SiC at Atlanta concerning this particular matter.

CC: Er. Hendon Abbacksen

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED.

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Respectfully substitled.

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GOVERNMENT

Mr. Ladd

DATE: December 4, 1946

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SUBJECT:

Atomic Energy Act

Inasmuch as it is contemplated that investigation of applicants for the Atomic Energy Commission will begin in the near future, it is suggested that the attacked bulletin for the field be printed and distributed immediately. It should be noted that these investigations will probably begin during December and complete instructions should arrive at the tield prior to the initiation of the investigations.

The bulletin provides that the Bureau will be the Office of Origin in all applicant cases. The character is set forth as "ATOMIC ENERGY ACT APPLICANT (or EMPLOYEE as the case may be). This is a change from a previous Bureau Bulletin which provided that the character should be "ATOMIC ENERSY ACT Bee-SPECLAL, INJURY:" The character provided in the attached bulletin will facilitate supervision and handling of these cases. It is believed, therefore, that it should be changed.

The bulletin provides that the field will have 15 days to complete applicant investigations and 30 days to complete investigations of employees. It is contemplated that the tile and fingerprint searches at the Seat of Government will be made in three days; therefore, Including mail transmittal time, reports from the field should arrive at the Eureau in about fifteer. days from the time we receive the request for investigation from the Commission. With reference to employees, these investigations, of course, will not begin for some time but it is believed necessary that a time limit be set for the field even though we will not be under the same pressure to make these investi-gathons as speedily as we will be in the applicant cases. However, in view of the size of the job (it will be recalled there are over 43,000 employees), it is believed necessary that we set a time limit in order to limit the amount of tome spent on each investigation and to insure that the field will complete these investigations within a reasonable period. Twenty days would appear to be ample time for the field.

The bulletin points out that these investigations should be confined to the 3 factors set forth in the Atomic Energy Act, that is, character, associations, and loyalty, and that the Eureau is not making the investigation to determine the efficiency or particular qualifications of the applicant for the job he is seeking.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the attached bulletin which instructs the field that they will have tenedays in which to complete these investigations be printed and distributed to the field immediately. 37 DEC 20

It is also recommended that the results of the file and fingerprint searches at the Seat of Government be furnished to the Atomic Energy Section within three days after receipt of requests for investigations in order that the letters imitiating the investigations may be transmitted by the Atomic. Energy Section to the field as soon as possible after the three-day period.

Attachment

VPK:mrl

APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE WITH MESSES DOLSON. TAMM, GLAVIN, ROSEN, TRACY, HINCE, MCGUIRE Jumpord Azpending 1245-76. Jkm

December 10, 1946

Potoreole 7, A. marriela OLT Monacer Cunter, South Caroling

Ny dear No. Babilelo.

Reference is made to your latter date November 25, 1746 concerning the application of Paurolani Bony H. Foxforth of the Sumter Folice Department to attend the IBI National Adadomy. Of course, you understand that these applications have to be considered in the order in which they are submitted and I am requesting Mr. D. S. Erran, Spatial Agent in Charge of the Savannah office of this Bureau to confer with your standards of the Savannah office of this Bureau to confer with your standards. with you at an early date with further reference to this soplicator.

Tour continued interest, I assure you, is desply Correctated.

concessor yours J. Ederi: Hoover n Hier

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Approved by Frechtives Chinterence 1. Laborate the present being Weeking 1. Laborate 1. La Limitoraly Long, Posen and Cleggi

December 10, 1946

Reserve in

SAO, Savannah

There is attached hereto a copy of a latter endressed to City Manager J. L. Barrian of Sumter, South Carolina conserving the application of Patrolean Henry H. Formerth of the Sumter Police Lepartment to attend a season of the PHI Mathonal Academy. Mr. Patrolean inquired if this patrolean is being further consideral.

The Direct consenses prefer to extend an invitation to an applicant who is recommended uninvorsely by your office as indicated in previous correspondence with you so it is desired that you personally call of lity leaders Reflicit and explain the observes and the difficulties in the part of the second difficulties on the part of the last of rolles kirved but the of second difficulties on the part of the last of rolles kirved but it wise of the recommendations and views expressed by your office it is felt that this should be handled by you in a personal call confidential conversation with the city langer.

Approved by Assent Beneric Roses of Service A. Tames Roses of Service

THE DIRECTOR

December 13, 1946

THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

DATA RE OF AND SEX OF PERSONS ARRESTED

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The report of the Panel on Stabistics of the recent Delinquency Provention Conference includes a recommendation that law enforcement agencies submit data as to the age and sex of persons arrented, including juveniles, in southly or connections Crime Reports submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

brought to the attention of the Panel that there was an almost couplete lack of information concerning the volume of juventle delinquency in rural areas and that the Panel dealing with rural problems felt very strongly the need of such information. Hr. Harbo pointed out to the Statistics Panel that the Uniform Crime Reporting program does include a pushing report dealing with the age and sex of all arrested persons; that such reports had been collected from a number of law enforcement agencies prior to the war but that this phase of the Uniform Crime Reporting program had been completely discontinued during the war due to the shortage of law enforcement personnel.

The present statistics coupiled by the Bureau from fingerprint records reflect the age and sex of persons arrested and fingerprinted, but it is not practical to attempt to secentain whether the persons were arrested for offenses in urban communities or in rural areas. Furthermore, the data are incomplete as to the total extent of juvenile delinquency, since in many jurisdictions the statutes prohibit the fingerprinting of juveniles taken into custody.

For these reasons the Conference composed of Mesers. Tolson, E. A. Tama, Glavin, Tracy, Hendon, Nichols, Clags, Ladd, Roson, and Harbo was unanimously of the ordain that the Hursen should resume its efforts to collect summary reports from law enforcement exencise dealing with the age and sex of arrested parsons, in order to make it possible to subdivide this information on a State basis and to work for the development of reports which will furnish the best possible measure of the total volume of juveniles taken into custody by law enforcement agencies.

Tolson

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Rosen 47 53
Tracy
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Gurnea
Barbo
Hendon
Peinington
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Respectfully, For the Record Respect of 6-25-4-567.

IF IB TO INDEXED JAN 3 1947

Clyde Tolograph Respectively.

L. A. Toma

THE DIRECTOR

December 13, 1946

THE EXECUTIVE COMPERENCE

PROPOSED SOURD SCHOOLS

On December 12, 1946, the Conference considered the need for additional agents with <u>Special found braining</u>. It was pointed out that at present there are only 120 sound son in the field the are available for assignment to the technical duties involved. There are eight division offices with no sound can assigned and testvo offices have only one sound can, 56 sound non are concentrated in eight of the larger offices,

There have been devoral resignations of scand men recently. Since the initiation of the program for this type of special training, 145 Agents so brained have resigned from the Boreau.

The Conference composed of Messra. Tolson, E. A. Toma, Glavin, Tracy, Hendon, Nichols, Clegg, Ladd, Rosen, and Herbo, was ununinquely of the opinion that two classes of Agents, composed of 14 men each, should be selected and given the regular three weeks' technical training in sound and technical equipment. If approved, the men will be delected in such a may as to meet the needs: of the field offices for sen with this special training without involving transfers. The names of Agents previously recommended by Special Agents in Charge will be reviewed in this connection.

> For the Conference Olydo Tolson PATELL /7/908450

Respectfully.

co-Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon

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December 26, 1946

THE DIRECTOR CONFERENCE

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The Executive Conference of December 20, 1946, constating of Masses. E. A. Tann, Rosen, Ladd, Clegg, Tracy, Marbo, Hendon and Clavin, considered a request of former Special Agent Lewis Erwin Villians, a graduate of the National Academy, for reappointment in the Surecu.

It was pointed out to the Conference that Williams entered on duty January 5, 1942 and resigned November 4, 1944 to accept police duties in his home town of HMM Foint, North Carolina. He was appointed Chief of Felice in the Yount Airy, North Carolina Police Department August 16, 1945. He has held police schools for the Hount Airy officers during the present year.

No written request for reinstatement has been received from former Special Agent Williams, SAO Dills having advised Ur. Clegg that Williams Das destroys of being reinstated in the service.

The Conference, with the exception of Messrs. Glavin and Mendon, is opposed to reappointing this individual. The majority of the Conference feels that Villiams left the service when he was badly needed in November 1944 and that there appears to be no reason why he should be reappointed in the service at this time. Messrs. I Clavin and Mendon feel a communication should go forward to SAC Bills to definitely ascertain why this former Special Agent wishes to return to the Bureau since he presently is employed as Chief of Police at Mount Airy and seems to have the confidence of the City Fathers.

Should the pirector approve the responsible recommendation at the Conference, SAC DIPLE will be productly equied to the effect that no action can be taken with regard 31 HM18akst desire to be rainstated.

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Respectfully submitted, FOR THE CONFERENCE

Olyde Tolson

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Mr. Hendon Mr. Clegg

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for all those survived in the frame. It was recommended that the become used energy the mass. Introducerant arguer and offer only. Therefored because of the other coopians and during the first four or live reals of attendance of the almost all information contained the first four or live reals of attendance of the almost all information contained the first four or live reals of attendance of the almost all information contained the first four or live reals of attendance of the almost all information contained in the first four or live reals of the almost an attendance of the almost an all information contained in the first of the almost an attendance at the almost a

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JAN 3 1947

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
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Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Gason
Mr. Barbo
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Wasa

Mr.

THE DIRECTOR.

THE PERCUTIVE COMPERENCE

The Conference, consisting of Mesars. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Clegg, Glavia, Long, Mumford, Rosen, and McGuire, was advised of current information relative to the transmission of fingerprints by faceinile using wire and radio facilities, and the question was presented as to whether any arrangements should be made to use such facilities as exist.

It was pointed out that equipment to transmit natural-size fingerprints in sufficient detail for identification was in existence only experimentally. The Navy has a few experimental stations and it is not in widespread use. Such equipment is not available commercially, although several companies would be interested in a development and research program along this line at an expenditure in one instance of \$1,000 and another \$1,000 a month until completed.

The equipment in widespread use could be used for this purpose to send in natural-size prints of 10 fingers for classification and one enlarged print of sufficient detail for identification. Here services have such equipment.

The Conference was unanimously opposed to the proposal of gorking out with the News Services arrangements to handle requests of this nature for any law enforcement agency requesting this nervice. It was pointed out that with airplane transportation facilities, the time savings today is a question of hours rather than days and in a case important amough for this savings, such prints could be personally brought to the Bureau, using such facilities.

EX-Q RECORDED

With the exception of Mr. Appened Mr. Long, Eli very opposed to publishing in the FM Lew Enforcement Duging 19 un informative article on thes author which would give them merely the results of our research and study. It was felt by some that this would werely result in many inquiries about any existing arrangements whereby such facilities were evaluable.

I concur

cc-Mr. Clagg Mr. Hendon Respectfully, For the Conference

Olyde Tolson

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58 JAN PLATON

Nichols

December 31, 1946 THE DIRECTOR THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE The Executive Conference of December 27, 1946, consisting of Mesers. E. A. Tamm, Cleng, Harbo, McCuire, Tracy, McCabe, Hendon and Glavin considered a suggestion submitted by Ur. J. M. O'Connor of the Identification Di-vision to the effect that the Mrschel Kidnaping Case Map, now in the Training Duilding Tobby of the Armory, be declared surplus. The Conference is of the unantmous opinion that this exhibit, which was initially prepared for the San Francisco Fair, be declared surplus and be removed from the building in question. The Conference agrees that Ur. Gouthier of the Cartagraphic Section should salvage any sections thereof which can be utilized for other exhibit purposes. ot a later date. Respectfully submitted. FOR THE CONFERENCE ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED clude Tolson

OC - Ur. Hendon Ur. Glegg

Attachment

WRG: amb

William Parket Co.

66-2554-5685

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58 JAN 7 1947

The Director

ÔExecutives Conference

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNILASSIFIED
DATE 1/7/20 BY SP-5 CI /OH;

The Executives Conference, consisting of Messrs.

Tolson, Rosen, Long, Ladd, Morgan, Hendon, E. A. Tamm, Tracy,
Glavin and Nichols, considered the report submitted by George
M. Morris of the Anter-American Bar Association, pointing out the
desirability of Taw enforcement officers from other American countries
be invited to attend this meeting.

At the conference meeting referred to by Ur. Horris, Treasury Department representatives indicated a willingness to send representatives to Lina, Peru, where the next conference will be held in April. The Post Office Department and Immigration and Naturalization indicated they would be receptive to such an invitation. At this preliminary conference, which was held on September 12, attended by representatives of Secret Service, the Narcotic Byneau, the Alcohol Tax Unit, Immigration and Naturalization Service, the Coast Guard and others, the Immigration and Naturalization representative suggested the desirability of devising some international agency to which law enforcement agencies could send information concerning criminal suspects and get information regarding them and their whereabouts. The secretary-general of this association, Mr. William Roy Vallance, called attention to the resolution adopted at the Inter-American Bar Association meeting concerning the depostt of fingerprints in some central American bureau, and Ur. Anslinger of the Marcotic Bureau referred to the pre-war existence of an international fingerprinting and criminal information center in Vienna. In connection with this observation, it was suggested that there be an exchange between law enforcement officers in South America and the United States, at which time representatives of the Treasury Department suggested it might be desirable to exploye the THE DEST idea of a worldwide association.

Heretofore the Bureau has followed a hands-off policy in connection with this group. They have had three conventions--one in Havana in 1942, one in Rio deJaneiro in 1943, and the last in Mexico City in August of 1944. During the conference in Mexico City considerable newspaper publicity was given to it and particularly the issues which were raised during the course of the meeting. The reaction in the Embassy at Mexico was that the conference had been used by various delegates for the purpose of raising such the Clegates which should not have been raised by a conference of lawyers of the Nicolas although the meetings were called by Resers. Horris and Vallance the Took we have declined to participate here Rofors.

The Executives Conference was unadimous in its recommendation that some steps should be taken to slow this group down and to like the country of their activities, by calling attention to the existence

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INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

No.

Memorandum to the Director of the international fingerprint exchange which the Eureau already has in operation and also to the fact that the International Criminal Police Commission has been revitalized and the FBI is officially a member of the Commission and is recognized as the United States representative thereon. Ur. Ladd suggested that it might be well to consider the question of whether the Bureau should expand its program of police liaison in South America even though we are pulling out of intelligence work in order that the FBI might be in a position to assume a leading role in this type of endeavor. The Conference felt that while there were merits, nevertheless our personnel situation at this time precluded even discussing and raising the matter. The Conference unanimously recommended that we communicate with Morris and deliver the letter personally, as well as with Ur. Vallance, pointing out that the Bureau already has the international exchange of fingerprints and, secondly, the Bureau is the United States Covernment representative on the International Oriminal Police Commission and, thirdly, that the Pacific Coast International Peace Officers Association carries on such work. The Conference was also of the opinion that the appropriate contacts in the IACP and the Pacific Coast International should be informed of this growing trend so that appropriate protests could be lodged. A letter to Ur. Morris is attached, along with one to Mr. Vallance, and since this is a police liaison and training matter the letters when signed, if approved, should be returned to the Training Division for personal delivery and personal conference of Mesers. Morris and Vallance. Respectfully. For the Conference Clyde Tolson E. A. Tamm Attachment. cc - Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon LBN:hbm

Scent Confinence

50 LEONARD HORNIL MX-BOOM

November 26, 1945

ATRIATI.

My dear

With enclosures, has been received and I was pleased to hear from you again. I wish to advise, however, that schedules of the type you mentioned are not available. Look session of the FBI Mattonal Academy consists of a basta ten meeks course plus two weeks of specialized tentating in on elective subject or subjects. The subjects covered include police organization and administration; Tecomie, teport prising and statistics, traffic enforcement; investipative motions and techniques; actantific and technical matters; police photographys fingdrorist identifications streams training physical training and defense sactions and juventle control and orthe preventions.

reining in the Academy combines instruction. with practical work. It is patterned after the training of the ent's Special Agensa with emphasis on problems pecultar to local agencies. Instructors are members of the full-vies training staff of the file

Die to the backton of applicationed with to point out that I am not in a position to affer any encouragement regarding your attending the Fix Mational loodeny in the impediate fature.

Sinourely joint, ouniquestions section Edgar Boover MAILED 3 John Edgur Joover * 140/286-1846 P.M. Director

San Juan tocut them of musicarencyed by execusives conference MAN COMMERCATORY 25/16, the sa present being Locure

My Trucy, McCabe, Mendon, Wichols,

Information concerning the National Academy which is set out in the body of this letter was obtained from the memorandum entitled "The FBI National Academy", On November 27, 1944. was placed on the Bureau mailing Itat (62-21531-0629). On September 21, 1946, we sent him miscellaneous publications of the Bureau, the most of which were in the field of fingerprinting. A note paper letter was written at that time. On November 10, 1945, oddressed. a letter to the Director inquiring about the FAT National Academy. He was sent our old publication entitled "FBI National Academy--Questions and Answers" on November 20, 1945, and the suggestion made that he contact the SAC in if he desired additional data (1-3548-2). On April 17, 1946, the Executives Conference considered an inquiry of SAO as to whether or no the Bureau would extend an invitation to to visit the Bureau for one or two weeks to make observations and studies in the FBI Technical Laboratory and the Identification Division. The SAC had had a conversation with who had stated he did not pel would accept a candidate from because all the members of the department are colored.

had replied that the Bureau did not draw any color.

line but that as a practical matter it might be well to recognize. possible prejudices on the part of the individual police attending the academy from all sections of the country and stated he recognized the situation and understood it. There was some intimation that come to the United States and make some studies of police work in New York City although it wasn't believed that any further wight eventually action along this line would be taken at this time. The Executives Conference unantmously recommended that since there was no issue before the conference but merely an inquiry that we instruct the SAC at not to take the initiative in bringing this subject matter up for discussion. The SAC was so advised on April 25, 1946 (1-3548-4).

BMC:nrh

Executive Conference 59JAN 14 1997 61 DEG 31 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum . United States Government THE DIRECTOR DATE December 4_1946 FROM . Executives Conference SUBJECT ATOMIC ENERGY ACT - discussions at In-Service and Supervisors' Conference

The Executives' Conference on 11/27/46, Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Tracy, Hendon, E. A. Tamm, McGuire, Ladd, McCabe and Clegg being present, considered the recommendation of Supervisor J. A. Carlson that there by included in each In-Service course a lecture by a Laboratory technician - Mr. Conzad of the practical phases of technical terminology which an Agent should know about relative to the Atom bomb. Mr. Conrad is reported to be qualified to discuss in a very interesting fashion the general principles of the Atom bomb and his discussion would clarify for the Agents definitions which are being used and which they should know about in the event violations of the Atomic Energy Act are investigated by them.

Mr. Carlson also recommended that this subject be included in the next Supervisors Conference

The Executives' Conference, with the exception of Mr. Tamm, approved the suggestion for a discussion of one hour before the current series of In-Service classes by Mr. Conrad and the discussion of the subject at the next Supervisors Conference, Mr. Tamm does not feel that a discussion of the scientific aspects of Atomic Energy would be of any value to the Agents. While he believes that the Retraining School and new Agents' classes should have some instructions in the Atomic Power Act, he believes that the widespread publicity concerning the general subject of Atomic Power through articles in newspapers, magazines, et cetera, as well as the release by the War Department of various prepared treatises on the subject has brought forth a sufficiently general knowledge to be adequate for Bureau Agents. He believes a discussion of this kind would be fundamentally a waste of time.

Respectfully, For the Conference

Respectfully
For the Confe

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Luctures on riskation Clyde Poison

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hhc:hd/EAT:DMG

CC-Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon

· OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To: Mr. Tracy

DATE: 11-21-16

FROM: M. Dawson

SUBJECT: Order for Electromatic Hektowriters

It is desired to request that 50.1. B. M. electromatic Hektowniters be ordered for use in preparing the duplicator masters. These machines should be furnished with Pica type similar to that listed in the IBM Electromatic Price List as code number 01.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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DATE 11-17-190 BY SQ -5 CA

The Executive Conference of December 113, 1946, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Marbo, Hendon, Clegg, Ladd, Rosen, Nichols, and Glavin approved the purchase of the electromatic Hektrowriters requested by Mr. Tracy.

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WH 14 1941

12/31/46

THE DIRECTOR THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

The Executives Conference on December 30, 1946, those present being Messrs. E. A. Tamm, McGuire, Ladd, Long, Rosen, Glavin, Hendon, Tracy, and Clegg, gave further consideration to the request of the District Attorney's Office at San Antonio, Texas for a survey of the record facilities of the District Attorney's Office in San Antonio. When the newly elected District Attorney William N. Hensley called at the Bureau a few months ago he inquired as to what services the Bureau could render to him particularly in connection with his enforcement duties and the services of the Bureau's Laboratory, National Academy, field training schools and other cooperative facilities including survey of records of law enforcement agencies were made known to him. He stated that he would like to avail. himself fully of these services then he assumed office.

The Conference was of the opinion that based upon this specific discussion the Bureau would be justified in making a survey of the records system of the District Attorney's Office insofar as they relate to the enforcement and detecting phases of the activity of that office. The District Attorney indicated that he was employing a staff of investigators to aid in law enforcement and the record of these investigators it is believed should be examined with a view to seeing that they conform to the Uniform Crime Reports' methods of filing and maintenance but that no survey should be made with respect to the records relating to prosecutions or the administration of the prosecutor's functions.

The conference unanimously recommended that this limited survey be made.

> Respectfully, For the Conference

Ulyde Tolson

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Ilr. Hendon Hr. Clegg

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being Louis Ginvin, interp. Lordy, Lordon, Michaele, 1946, those present and ology, considered the rictor resourceded by thousands form the Javonile Collegement Conference therein a recommendation was read and the follows:

Theories of the police in certain committee the relact questions about cardein problems of the Charles Juvenile Court let calcordant providence of calculation that let calcordant providence of calculation that let calcordant important bendicans to effective law enforcations and bears are not objectionable to last enforcement cuttoristion. Since it appears to the police that there are objectionable features of the logislation at its recommendation are properties including representably as of the police, of these interested in juvenile court administration and of other appropriate equations to set up to replice problems connected which the recommended legislation and to consider any possible politications that experience my have indented as controls.

In connection with Juvenilo Court recommendations and Logislation including restrictions on the arrest and temperations of the Juveniles to police, restrictions on the arrest and temperation of the Juveniles to police, restrictions on interviewing Juveniles, the unavellability of Juvenile Court Records, the difficulties involved because of the verying ore limitables in defining Juveniles and the fact that police officers are not often permitted in Juvenile Courts of the read for protecting the public in consection with trackle culture others are not of the protection.

discussion as to the discrete the livery about the considerable discussion as to the discrete the livery about the considerable and the first indicate the formal control of the first the formal control of the first the function with the reconstration continued the conforme of the first of an early date with diversity court desired and for enforcement of the first of the first diversity court desired and for enforcement of the first diversity court of the first cour

It was pointed diff this end operative recommendation was each by the live tempor of the children's divide and if the live at the live at the following the estion in the live and the children's divide at the country and the attention of the country are the country and probably the the initiality and sun the thing to cut the feels are and the country that is a cut the country and the country that is a cut the cut that is a cut that is a cut that is a cut that is a cut that it is a cut that is a cut that is a cut that it is

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It was inardizably reconstructed that the Harriot coul is reserved an to the Attorney Concred calling attention to the suggestion and suggesting further that since the difficulties privarily were things with which the Juvenillo Court Judges and the Lim Information Officier flore concorned that the Attorney Concred might doctre to call a conference med up principal of representatives of these ten proups. Action will be telem concluted with the Director's approval. Toppooldully. For the conforme Clydo Tolom about like to suggest as y more Conferences by the a. H. I meet leteerly don't want to be the string up any more gale crown THE TAXOURIVES! CONFERENCE

OSIGNATIONNES OF APPLICATIONS POLICE ECHOIS

The Linealivent Conference, Mounta Tolton, E. A. Tirri, Clavin, Rosen, Tracy, Micholo, Indd, Hendon and Clare boing present, on December 13, 1946, considered the ratter of tiplesce for the police schools which are being sponcored frinkly by the 1915 the New York State Accountion of Chiefe of Police and the New York State Sheriff's Association. The diplomar used in the pact coupled the nords With the cooperation of the Police in the body of the diplome. There was also a made for signature with printed titles by the Procedure of the New York State Association of Chiefe of Police and the President of the New York State Sheriff's Association. The Executiven' Conference recommended sampleib besiver old of concretes dita excited an visioninam

- 1. That the list of opencoring agencies be explicted from near the top of the diplora and that only the words also enforcement officers braining schools be used without say indication of sponsorchip.
- That in the body of the diplom the world with the occuration of the FAIT be continued in the diploma
- 3. That the space for signature with the printed titles for the Previously of the Rea York State Association of Chiefe of Police and the Provident of the Hen York State Sheriff's Association be continued, and this tas balieved to be adequate to show sponsorship.
- Of course, the appropriate phrascology each na redvanced In-cervice breining schools or school of identifications no the exec might be would be used in lieu of the initial phrase "books in-corvice training school."

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December 18, 1946

THE DIRECTOR
O
THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

The Executive Conference of December 16, consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm's Nichols, Hendon, Ladd, Rosen, Tracy, Harbo and Glavin recommended approval of the attached form which would be utilized in advising the field concerning the deletion of certain items of equipment from an unexpendable inventory.

Respectfully submitted, FOR THE CONFERENCE

Clyde A. Tolson

F. A. Famm

Attachment

CC: Mr. Hendon Mr. Clegg

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53JAN 9 134,

Market Market

Decèmber 10, 1946

SAC, Miami

Director, FBI

PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

In response to your communication of December 2, 1946, concerning the above-mentioned insurance company, the Bureau feels that one of the Resident Agents presently assigned to Pensacola should discuss the use of the initials "FBI" with the representatives of the Fisher-Brown Insurance Company.

It should be pointed out to the representatives of this firm that in the event the initials "FBI" are musused for personal purposes of gain by their representatives, it is entirely possible that such representatives may be reported for violation of the impersonation statutes.

Although the Bureau cannot instruct this firm to discontinue the use of the initials in question, no doubt should be left in the minds of the representatives of the concern that the Bureau will not tolerate misuse of the initials in question.

The Executive Conference of December 9, 1916; consisting of Messrs, Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Harbo, Hendon, McGuire, Ladd, Rosen and Glavin approved the above letter.

WRG: AMB

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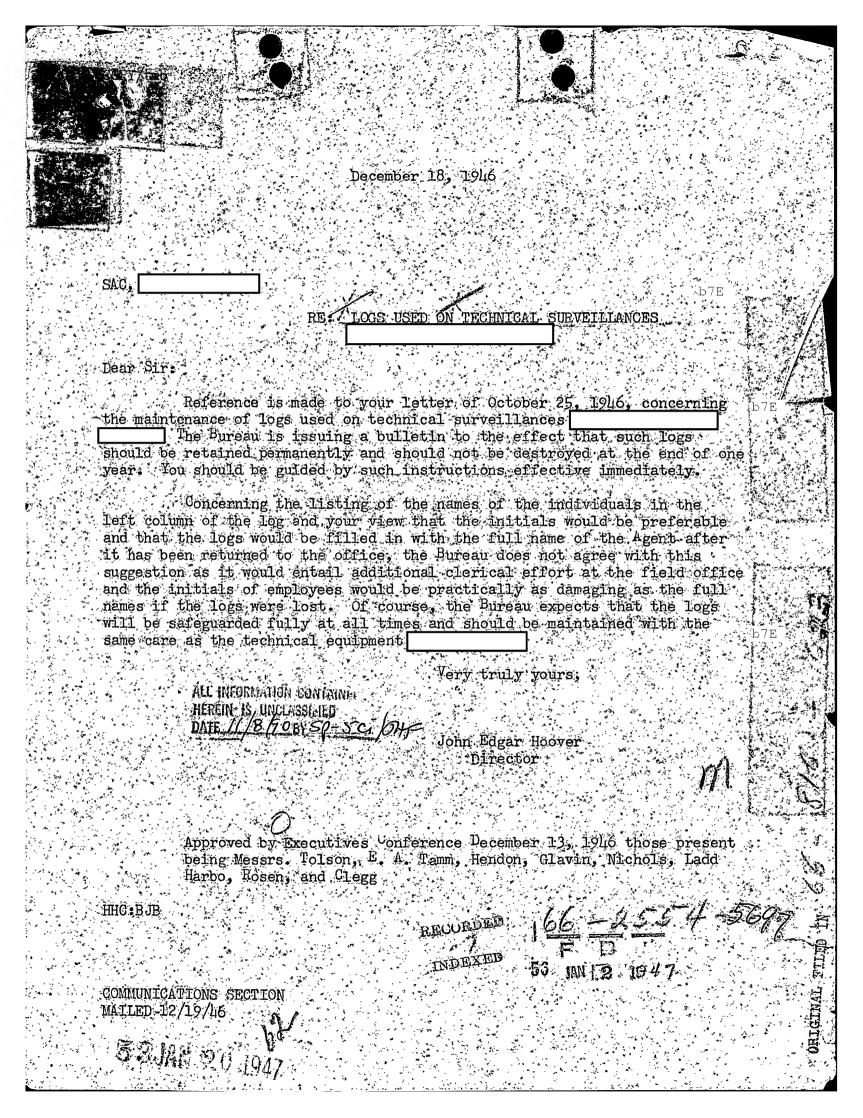
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December 12, 1946 Mr. Henry P. Chardler Director Administrative Office of the United States Courts Supreme Court Building Maskington 13, D. C. Dear Mr. Chandler: The problem confronting probation officers in securing a copy of the original record of persons charged with crime in the Federal District Courts as outlined in your letter of bovember 29, 1965, has received careful consideration. I am pleased to advise you it will be possible for us to furnish United States marshals with an extra copy of the original inal record for the use of probation officers, and instructions to this effect are being issued today to the Identification Division of this Pureau. It will be appreciated if you will advise all prebation officers and marshale that an extra copy of the record will be fundehed in the future. Assuring you of my desire to cooperate with you in all metters of mutual interest, I am Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hooter John Edger Hoover Director SJT: db NOTE: Approved by the Executive Conference 12/5/46. The additional cost of furnishing extra copies of the record will be very small. Furnishing copies directly to probation officers and to U. S. Attorneys GUM: Would Frequire considerable additional personnel. FEDERAL SUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



SAC, Miami

December 27: 1946

DERECTOR, FRE

SPECIAL EMPLOYEES

initial serials for the file, you are advised that when such employees may initial serials for the file, you are advised that when such employees are engaged in strictly clerical work in the field office, they should be bound by rules applicable to clerical employees. If, however, they are engaged in making contacts and conducting investigations as is occasionally done in certain field offices they may, at the discretion for the SAC, initial serials and files when they are engaged in such work which is similar to that perform by Special Agents. In each instance, however, where such authority is granted that the specific approval and upon specific instructions of the SAC.

HEREIN IS JUST SO SC. ON

HHC/wi

Approved by Executive Conference on 12/16/46, Messrs. Tamm, Hendon, Ladd; Rosen, Tracy, Harbo, Glavin and Clegg being present.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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Office Memorandum - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE 12/24/46

FROM 1 = E. G. Fiton

SUBJECT: COOPERATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES - NAME CHECKS

Pursuant to your request, I have ascertained that Bureau

instructions relative to the making of name checks as a matter of
cooperation with other Federal agencies were issued to the field in

Bulletin No. 26, dated June 2, 1943, Section C of which pertains to this Subsubject matter. A copy of this Bulletin is attached for your ready reference. It will be noted that outstanding instructions to the field authorize the making of name checks for other Federal agencies on an informal basis whereas current instructions at the Seat of Government prohibit the making of such name checks for agencies other than those for whom we already are making such checks. At the present time we are checking names for the Secret Service, Naval Research Laboratory, Navy Yard, Office of Naval Intelligence, OSS (now called CIG), Civil Service, Agriculture, Coast Guard, Treasury, G-2, Provost Marshal General, State, Special Telephone Requests, Immigration and Naturalization, Panama Canal, Panamanian Requests, Exits, Visas, Government Frinting Office,

For your further information, we have recently refused to make name checks for the following agencies: State, War and Navy Coordinating Committee, Veterans Administration, Department of Commerce, Civil Service Commission, (except on limited basis) and Forestry Service.

In view of the conflicting positions of the Bureau Field Offices as against that of the Bureau Headquarters, it is respectfully suggested that this matter be considered in order that a consistent policy may be established throughout.

EGF:OME

ADDENDUM

Manhattan Engineer District and Red Cross.

At a meeting of the Executives! Conference on December 31, 1946, attended by Messrs. Tamm, Tracy, Glavin, Nichols, Harbo, Hendon, Morgan and Ladd, the question of handling name searches in the field was discussed. It was the unanimous opinion of the conference that the existing instructions to the field that they be permitted to make any searches for other Government agencies on a limited basis with the understanding that this would not include a check of all of the Bureau's records but only of the local field office records be continued. In view of this, there is no need to send any additional bulletin to the field.

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19 JAN 1947

STANSBARD POWER AND RE

Office Memorandum . United states government

to the director

DATE: December 23, 1946

FROM . N.A. Rosen

SUBJECT: THEFT THOM INTERSTATE SERVICENCY ATOLATIONS

In view of the great number of Theft From Interstate Shipment cases presently pending, particularly in the New York-Newark area, and in view of the publicity recently afforded hijackings and other thefts of truck cargoes by New York newspapers, the attached bureau Bulletin has been prepared. This Bulletin calls attention to the alarming number of cases of hijackings and major thefts presently pending and sets forth suggested procedures which might improve upon our investigative efforts in this type of case.

ACTION TAKEN

If you approve, it is recommended that the attached Bureau Bulletin be dispatched to the field.

ADDENDUM: 12/23/46 AR:WW: Approved by the Executive Conference today with Messrs. Trans. Harbo, Herdon, NcGure, Tracy. Ladd and Rosen in attendance.

Attachment

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OFFICE MEMORANDUM



UNITE TATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: December 17, 1946

TO: MR. LADD

FROM: V. P. KEAY

SUBJECT: ATOMIC ENERGY ACT

You will recall that a form letter has been approved for use in requesting investigations of the field on Atomic Energy Commission applicants or employees. It has been found that the abstract to be used with these letters is necessarily the same in all cases and, of course, the character is the same. It would be another time-saving device to have these abstracts printed for use and with the printed abstract it would only be necessary to fill in the field office, name or employee, and of course the date, etc.

RECOIMENDATION:

Attached is a sample abstract which it is requested be printed in accordance with the attached requisition.

Attachment

VPK:mrl

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APPROVED BY THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE WITH MESSES.
GLAVIN, TRACY, HARBO, HENDON, NICHOLS, CLEGG, ROSEN
AND LADD ATTENDING 12-19-16 DML

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75 JAN 8 1947

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PRIGINAL COPY FILED IN

Office Memorandum • United States Government Mr. R. T. Harbo TO DATE: 12/18/46 T. F. Bughnayle suspect: Apponer Armored Jacket There called upon me on December 17, 1925, Mr. John C. Brabten,

who represents the Spooner Armor Company, which makes and sells so-called was deady builted proof vests. Mr. Bratten stated that there is to be a demonstration of the Spooner vest to the Metropolitan Police Department on January 14, 1947 at 10 A.M. at the White House Fistol Hange, 28th and M Streets, Northeast, and he invited a representative of the FBI to be present at the demonstration. I thanked him for his devitation.

TFB:AT

ADDENDUM 12/26/46 (WRG:amb): The Executive Conference of December 20, 1946, consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Rosen, Laid, Glegg, Tracy, Harbo, Hendon and Glavin, is of the unani mous opinion that the Bureau not have a representative attend the demanstration of this pest on January 14, 1947. The conference is of the unanimous opinion that the Bureau would not be interested in the purchase of such vests; that they are of the same type armored vest as those previously utilized by the Bureau before the plastic armored vest was secured by us.

November 12, 1946 TO: MR. FITCH MR. D. M. LADD TROM: O Executive Cataline SUBJECT: With reference to the attached Executive Conference memorandum. it is desired that the Liaison Division check with both the Army and Navy to determine why prior approval from the State Department must be obtained before either the Army or Navy can carry a Bureau Agent by airplane in Alaska. Secondly, it is desired that the Liaison Division advise Colonel Forney that the TBL will be willing to assume investigative jurisdiction in Alaska if we can be assured of the full and complete Army and Navy information relating to counterintelligence matters. ME THURSTON CONTAINED i31m 16 144/62

Office Memorandum • united states government THE DERECTOR EXECUTIVES! CONFERENCE SUBJECT: Pursuant to your instructions, additional information was secured from our Alaska Field Office and millitary authorities, and the Executives! Conference has reconsidered the inquiry of Colonel L. R. Torney of MID as to the Bureau's attitude should a suggestion be made that the rest of the Territory of Alaska be placed under the primary jurisdiction of the FM for counterintelligence. This inquiry was predicated upon top secret information which had been received to the effect that the Soviets were to ubling their efforts to place agents in Greenland and Alaska. Tou will recall that under the Delimitations Agreement for investigative jurisdiction in Alaska, the Bureau now has the responsibility for all of Alaska except the Alaskan Peninsula from Illamna Bay and the adjoining islands of the Aleutian chain, including Kodiak and the Pribilofs. Heretofore ONI has had officers on Kodiak but plans to remove them around the first of 1947. According to the Anchorage Office, the MID and the PMI of Army in Alasks handled approximately 1150 investigations during the past year. Of these, some 550 were criminal and, therefore, there were about 500 which come within the purview of the Delimitations Agreement. It must be pointed out, however, that a large number of these were conducted in areas and under circumstances which presently make them fall within our jurisdiction but which were handled by the Army pursuant to our present understanding whereby they conduct preliminary investigations when our Agent personnel is not available at the scene or is prevented from early arrival by transportation difficulties. The Anchorage Office estimates that considering the number of cases which would be added to our jurisdiction by a change in the Agreement and the transportation difficulties on the Alaskan Peninsula and Alentian chain, it would require five additional Agents if we assume that added responsibility. Supervisor F. P. Griffee spoke to Colonel L. R. Forney of MID regarding the FHI's jurisdiction in Alaskay Colonel Formey was specifically asked that if the Bursau does take over jurisdiction in Alaska will the Army furnish transportation for the Bureau at the Bureau's convenience rather than at the convenience of the Army as has been done in the past. Colonel formey advised that under existing regulations Air Transport Command cannot carry anyone unless the State Department first gives approval in each case. Colonel Forney stated that this regulation would make it impossible for the Mar Department to furnish transportation to Bureau Agents in Alaskal It was decided there would appear to be two strong considerations against assuming complete jurisdiction for counterintelligence in the Alaskan Peninsula and its adjoining islands. First is lack of parsonnel and the fact that the Agents we have dould be more profitably employed from a productive viewpoint elsewhere; and, secondly, is the transportation difficulty in the area under consideration. The Bancau would be absolutely dependent upon other agencies of the dovernment for JKM:DML:eod:da

The Director

transportation and, therefore, would have no control over our own ability to get to any particular point to carry out our responsibilities. The Navy has had no regular transportation, but in the past has operated irregularly an cirtransportation system from Kodiak to some points in the Aleutians, principally plane or boat operated by the Alaska Came Commission.

A check with CNI reflects that the Naval Air Transportation Service Operates a regular schedule to Admette; to Kodiak, to Fort Glenn, to Adak, and to Attu. These are regular flights and would be available for use by FBI Agents with prior approval from the State Department. The Navy advises that these Sunday and that, therefore, there are five flights per week from Seattle to the points above named, which in most cases would not adequately cover the situation on the Alaska Office inasmuen as these flights would not go through Anchorage. Our further advised that there was no provision for furnishing transportation to any other Government agency at the Burean's convenience, which means the Bureau could an occasion when an emergency demanded such transportation.

Peninsula, Kodiak Island and the Aleutian Islands are an important defense area, in the event of any emergency, the Army would unquestionably move in or be there at the present time there are a number of military areas. It is known that being conducted by the Army and the Navy in the Tarritory of Alaska and its jurisdiction, it would be seriously handicapped without knowledge of the concurrence of maneuvers. In the past the Bureau has not been taken into the confidence of samue on the Army or the Navy to any appreciable degree and it can fairly intelligence coverage.

Lt. 18, therefore, the unanimous opinion of Messrs. Rosen, Nichols, Harbo, Morgan, Quinn Tamm, and Ladd; who were in attendance, that Colonel forney should be informally advised that the Bureau would be opposed to assuming counterintelligence jurisdiction over the Alaskan Peninsula and the other areas now reserved to the Army in the Delimitations Agreement.

Pespectfully For the Conference

Louisian Conference

Classification Classification

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E. A. Tamm

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNLTED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

THE DIRECTOR

DATE: December 13, 1946

TROM

: A. ROSEN

SUBJECT: DESERTERS AND SELECTIVE SERVICE INVESTIGATIONS

CEXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

ALE Information contained Herein is unclassified Date 11/9/50by

Since the inception of the Deserter and Selective Service programs, the Field, generally speaking, has handled these investigations in a competent fashion. With regard to the Deserter cases, the Bureau has received more than 22,000 referrals from the Armed Services, and of this number over 19,000 have been brought to a logical conclusion. The Armed Services have indicated that they are well pleased with the Bureau's efforts in returning such a high percentage of these deserters to Armed Service control, and have informally stated that the Bureau's activities in this regard have certainly been a deterrent to desertion. However, now that hostilities have ceased, it is possible that less attention may be directed to the current cases in the Field Because of the apathetic attitude on the part of the public and press toward the Selective Service and Deserter programs.

It is being pointed out that a large percentage of the current Selective Service cases and all of the Bureau Deserter cases involve subjects who are in Fugitive status. In view of the excellent past record of the Bureau in handling these cases and because of the continued interest of the Armed Services, it is felt advisable to instruct the Field at this time to continue to regard Selective Service and Deserter cases as among those that reflect favorably on the Bureau's reputation. For this reason a complete and thorough investigation in each case should be stresse and every effort made in the Fugitive cases to effect the earliest location and apprehension of the subjects.

ACTION RECOMMENDED

That with your approval the attached Bureau Bulletin be prepared and forwarded to the Field.

Attachment

ADDENDUM: AR:WW 12/13/46: Approved by the Executives Conference today with Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Harbo, Hendon, Tracy, Nichols, Clegg, Ladd and Rosen in attendance.

TJG:GJB

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D STATES GOVERNMENT OFFICE MEMORA THE DIRECTOR DATE: December 16, 1946 FROM A. ROSEN SUBJECT: -UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID PROSECUTION. UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID CUSTODY OR CONFINEMENT HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID CUSTODY OR CONFINEMENT HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED OF VERY 17 IVE CONFERENCE DATE 1/4/10 81/50 ALE INFORMATION CONTAINED Subsequent to the approval on August 2, 1946 of the amended Fugitive Felon Act covering escapes from custody or . confinement after conviction for the crimes of murder, kidnaping, burglary, robbery, mayhem, rape, assault with a dangerous weapon; or extortion accompanied by threats of violence or attempts to

commit any of the foregoing, certain questions have arisen which have been presented to the Criminal Division for interpretation.

Attached is a proposed Bureau Bulletin furnishing the field with the results of the Department's opinion on these questions.

· Although an approved form letter was distributed by all divisions to law enforcement officers, prosecuting attorneys, penal and correctional institutions immediately after the effective date of the amended statute, outlining the provisions of such statute. the response in number of new cases received has been disappointingly small, particularly in view of the number of wanted notices filedby state institutions with the Bureau for escapees who had previously been serving sentences after conviction for crimes that would fall within the purview of the amended statute.

The proposed bulletin also suggests that a survey be made. by all divisions to determine the action taken by state penal and correctional insititutions to cause the recapture of escapees and to further insure that rank officials of such institutions are aware of the provisions of the statute as amended.

CJM: RH

ADDENDUM: Approved by the Executive Conference with Messrs. E.A. Tamm. Harbo, Glavin, Hendon, Tracy, Nichols, Ladd, Clegg, and Rosen/in attendance on December 16, 1946.

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Antifed States Bepartment of Instice Federal Berreau of Livestination Washington, A. C. December 19, 1946

EMPLOYEES! COMPENSATION /

Firstier limity or may be currently informed as to the benefits and pro-visions of the Wilted Scapes Employees Compensation Act, the following is set out:

aworder complayer of the United States sustains an injury while in the performance of this distoial divies he is entitled to:

A Madicat surgical, and hospital service and supplies and transpor-tation in necessary to secure them b. Monay benefits while disabled for work when salary is not being re-

cas Dubial expenses in case of death up to \$200

Money benefite in case of death for any dependence new to exceed \$116.66 / Per month;

. . TF An amployee desires to receive breatment at Government expense, it is mandatory that treatment be obtained from United States medical officers and hospitals if practicable; if these are not available, then from physicians and hospitals designated by the Bureau of Employees' Compensation, a list of which is available in each field division. (Form C. A. 78) In this connection when applying for macroal treatment from a designated physician or hospital, form C. A. 16 is provided for use invauthorizing medical treatment or in authorizing nospital care in cases where there is no doubt concerning the right of the employes to receive such treatment or care and torm C. A. 17 for use in all hernic cases and in all other cases in which there may be doubt whether the disability of the employee is due to an injury sustained while on duty. Authorization may be given for emergency treatment before issuance of form C. A. 16 provided this form is issued within 48 hours thereafter. In emelgency cases where there is no designated. physician or hospital on Government Hospital, any reputable physician licensed to practice medicine or any hospital may be employed. However, in each a case after first aid treatment has been received further treatment, if necessary, chould be obtained as soon as practicable from a medical officer of the United States or from a designated physician. Authorization for prolonged treatment from physicians who are not medical officers of the United States or who have not seen designated by the Commission should be obtained from the Commission.

Any injury sustained, no matter now slight, should be related to the Eureau on Employees' Compensation Forms C. A. 1 and C. A. 2. Attention is invited to the fait that the physician who first rendered treatment or made an examination of the injury should execute the physician's statement appearing on the neverse side of form C. A. 2. In filing claim for medical expenses Employees' Compensation form Voucher #5-69 should be submitted to the Bureau in preference to submitting an idemized bill or receipted itemized statement issued by the physician rendering treatment.

Compensation for disability will be granted for loss of pay resulting from injuries suctained by employees while in the performance of their official dities only when a formal claim is made on form C. A. 4. Compensation is not payable for the first three days in which pay is lost. If the disability lasts for less than IS days the claim for compensation should be submitted upon the termination of such disability. If the injury seems likely to result in prolonged disability a claim for compensation should be submitted 18 days after the pay stops on form C. A. 4. and every 15 days thereafter form C. A. 5 should be submitted until such time as the employee returns to duty.

Every amployee or someone on his behalf shall within 46 hours after the injury give written notice to the immediate superior of the employee and in no case shall the submission of a claim for compensation be delayed beyond 60 days after the injury, or compensation may be refused. The Bureau of Employees' Compensation is allowed at its discretion, however, to award compensation, if for reasonable cause shown; a claim is filed within five years after the injury of death. If not filed within five years, the Commission is without power to pay compensation.

When an injury on death for which compensation is payable is caused under discumstances creating a legal liability in some person other than the United States and the employee receives as a result of a suit brought by him or on his behalf any money or other property in satisfaction of the liability, the employee after deducting the costs of suit and a reasonable attorney's fee shall refune to the United States the amount of compensation which has been paid him and credit any surplus upon future payments of compensation on account of the same indusy.

Very truly yours,

8 N. ...

John Edgar Hoover Director

December 31, 1946 TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATES With reference to your inquiry dated December 17 1946, regarding the above mentioned matter, the Bureau feels you should continue travel into neighboring Canada for investigation purposes in the same manner which you have done in the past. The Bureau is desirous of being advised when such travel is necessary, although it will not be necessary for you to secure prior approval for such travel unless the particular matter being handled is such that the Bureau should be first notified prior to the necessary travel being made. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED SSIFIED ADDENDUM WRG: amb 12/31/46 - The Executive Conference of December 27, 1946, consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Clegg, Harbo, McGuire, Tracy, McCabe, Hendon and Glavin approved the above letter going forward. WRG: amb COMMUNICATIONS SECTION JAN 2, 1947 Declassify Ch. 7 55FEB 1 I 1947

TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Paragraph 5-B, Part I, of the FBI Hand Book states that before an employee can go outside the continental United States it is necessary to obtain prior Bureau approval.

Director, FBI

SAC. Buffalo

The Buffalo Field Division is responsible for investigations in the major portion of the Province of Ontario, Canada, and it is necessary on some occasions that an Agent proceed into Canada to handle an expedite matter. such as the interview of NMVIA subjects who have been apprehended, applicant investigations and similar types of assignments. At the present time an Agent of this office spends approximately five days per month in the Province of Ontario.

Advice is requested in view of the circumstances, whether it is necessary in each instance that Bureau approval be secured for trips by such an assigned Agent into Ontario, Canada. If you desire that the Bureau first grant approval, advice is requested as to your views concerning the proper method to handle such a situation in expedite matters when time is of the essence.

For your information, we have elways received whole-hearted cooperation from all Canadian authorities in fact better cooperation than is usually obtainable from other law enforcement agencies in this country and it; therefore, appears to me to be no reason why it should be necessary to secure the Bureau's prior approval in such instances above discussed which occur in connection with our regular work.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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December 17. 1946

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THE DIRECTOR

A. Rosen

VALUERAL TORT CLAIMS ACT

ALL INFORMATION CONFAINED
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DATE 11/9/90 BY 50-50

December 21.

1946

PURPOSE

To advise that a Bureau Bulletin has been prepared instructing the field not to accept investigation of cases under this Act which originate in other Government agencies, and also setting forth instructions for the handling of cases within the Bureau's jurisdiction.

BACKGROUND

NONLE PRINCE

Part 3, Section 410(a), Title 4 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 permits the United States to be sued in Tort. When such claims arise investigation is frequently necessary and the question of which Government agency will assume responsibility for such investigations was discussed in a recent conference in the office of 1r. John Sonnett, Assistant Attorney General, Claims Division. In addition to representatives of this Bureau, practically all other Government agencies were represented. The Department, and a majority of the agencies present, suggested that the Bureau assume the investigation of all claims arising under the Act, stating that in their opinion the Bureau with its well-trained personnel would be the logical agency to handle such investigations.

It was pointed out that the Bureau could not at the present time accept the responsibility for all such investigations inasmuch as the Bureau has neither the appropriation nor personnel to engage in this sort of activity. It was therefore agreed by those in attendance at the conference that as a temporary expedient each dovernment agency will conduct its own investigations pending receipt of a final opinion from the Department on whether the Bureau will assume primary responsibility for investigating these claims.

requests from other branches of the Government to investigate such cases except in the case of a national catastrophe, and then only after the matter had been cleared with the Department.

The Bureau is, of course, responsible for the investigation of any claims which may arise from the negligent or wrongful act or omission of any Bureau employee. For this reason, the attached Bureau Bulletin sets forth instructions relative to the investigation of the Bureau's own cases which may warrise under the Act.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

Carson bean A Bureau Bulletin encompassing the above instructions and outlining lendon lendon in handling its own cases of his been prepared and is attached for your approval.

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Memorandum for the Director

ADDENDUM: 12/23/46 AR: WW: Approved by the Executive Conference today with Messrs. Tamm, Harbo, Hendon, McGuire, Tracy, Ladd and Rosen in attendance.

Director, FBI

December 27, 1946

SAC, Seattle

WILLIAM J. RETLIX, NA Ohief Deputy Sheriff Spokene County Sheriff's Office Spokene, Washington ACC INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLYSCIFIED
DATE 14/9/40 BY PSCA DYF

On December 26, 1946, Special Agent RUSSELL C. DEERSTEIN advised Chief Deputy REILLY had informed him that he and AHT AIKMAN, a retired detective of the Spokane Police Department, were in the near future opening a detective agency in Spokane, Washington. REILLY advised he was taking this step inasmuch as he will be released from his position at the Spokane County Sheriff's Office on January 1, 1947, due to a change in administration.

RELLY stated the purpose of his contact with Special Agent EBERSTEIN was to ascertain if there was any objection to his using the Wetional Academy seal on his detective agency letterhead as well as some statement to the effect that he was a graduate of the FBI National Academy.

It is requested that the Bureau advise what response should be made to MR. REILLY'S inquiry.

HGM: Mfg

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THE DIRECTOR

12/13/26

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December 31, 1946 Mr. Solon J. Puck Archivist of the United States The National Archives Nasiting tons D. C. Dear Mr. Buckt Your Letter of December 19, 1946, addressed to The Honorable Ton C. Clark, Attorney General of the United States, has been referred to me for appropriate attention. It is a source of gratification to me that this Bureau has been able to effect the recovery of some of the missing William Henry Marrison letters. You stated in your letter to the Attorney Ceneral that a racent examination of early ar Department records in the National Archives discloses that approximately 203 letters received by the Secretary of Mar from William Henry Harrison are missing from your files. I wanted you to know that I have informed the field divisions. of this hireau of the loss of these important documents and I have instructed all Special Agents of this Eureau to remain constantly elect for any indication that any library, book dealer, or other individual may be in possession of these letters. You may be assured that any information regarding these documents coming to the attention of this Bureau will be given immediate and vigorous investigative attention with a view to effecting the return of these documents to the National Archives.